## Information in State statutes and regulations relevant to the National Background Check Program: Alabama

This document describes what was included as of December 2010 in Alabama statutes and regulations relevant to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services' National Background Check Program. Alabama has three relevant statutes and regulations, all of which were used in gathering information for this document, and which are listed below in the State Statutes and Regulations section.

Key Feature	Description
Specific facility and provider	The State covers one of the long term care (LTC) facility and
types	provider types named in the Patient Protection and Affordable
	Care Act of 2010 (Affordable Care Act): adult day care.
Registry checks	Not addressed.
Fingerprinting	All applicants for employment with an adult day care facility
	or provider are fingerprinted.
Rap back	Not addressed.
Provisional employment	The statutes and regulations indicate that the State allows for
	provisional employment, but do not clarify the provisional
	employment period.
Definition of direct patient	Alabama does not have a definition of a direct patient access
access employee	employee. However, background checks are required for
	licensees, license applicants, volunteers, volunteer applicants,
	job applicants, and current employees (including contract
	employees) of adult care facilities.
Provision of criminal	Not addressed.
background check results to	
employee	
Expiration of criminal history	Not addressed.
background check results	

Key Feature	Description
Inclusion of disqualifying crimes specified in section 6201 of the Affordable Care Act:	
1. Medicare/Medicaid program-related crimes (42 U.S.C § 1320a-7(a)(1))	1. Not addressed.
2. Convictions related to patient abuse/neglect (42 U.S.C § 1320a-7(a)(2))	2. State statutes and regulations may bar LTC employment for convictions of some of these federally mandated disqualifying crimes, but do not cover all possible such crimes.
3. Felony convictions related to health care fraud (42 U.S.C § 1320a-7(a)(3))	3. Not addressed
4. Certain felony convictions related to controlled substances (42 U.S.C § 1320a-7(a)(4))	4. State statutes and regulations may bar LTC employment for convictions of some of these federally mandated disqualifying crimes, but do not cover all possible such crimes.
State-identified convictions	Alabama statutes and regulations do not identify any disqualifying convictions.
Opportunity to contest accuracy of background check findings	The State provides a way to contest the accuracy of background check findings.
Ability to remove hiring prohibition based on rehabilitation factors	Not addressed.
Rehabilitation/mitigation process for negative fitness determinations	The State's process takes into account the following: elapsed time since the disqualifying conviction, extenuating circumstances, rehabilitation, and relevance of the conviction to the job in question.
Independence of appeal or review process	Not clear.

## **State Statutes and Regulations**

Citation	Description
Code of Alabama	These are about criminal background checks for staff of adult and child
(Ala. Code), Sections	facilities licensed by the Department of Public Welfare. (Note: Nursing
38-13-1 through 38-	facilities, hospitals, hospices, assisted living facilities, and intermediate
13-12	care facilities for the mentally retarded are licensed by the Department
	of Health; see §§ 22-21-20 and 22-21-22. There are no criminal
	background check requirements in the Department of Public Health's
	regulations for any of these facilities.)
Alabama	This has to do with criminal background checks for workers of adult day
Administrative Code	cares and other Department of Public Welfare-licensed facilities.
(Ala. Admin. Code)	
rule 660-5-46	
Ala. Admin. Code	This includes procedures for obtaining criminal history information
rule 760-X-118	from the Department of Public Safety.